

Creating an Open Source Alternative to Magma, Maple, Mathematica, and MATLAB

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Mission Statement

Create an open source alternative to Magma, Maple, Mathematica, and Matlab.

Firefox <--> Internet Explorer, Opera

Open Office, Latex <--> Microsoft Office

Linux <--> Microsoft Windows

PostgreSQL, MySQL <--> Oracle, Microsoft SQLserver

GIMP <--> Photoshop

Sage <--> Magma, Maple, Mathematica, Matlab

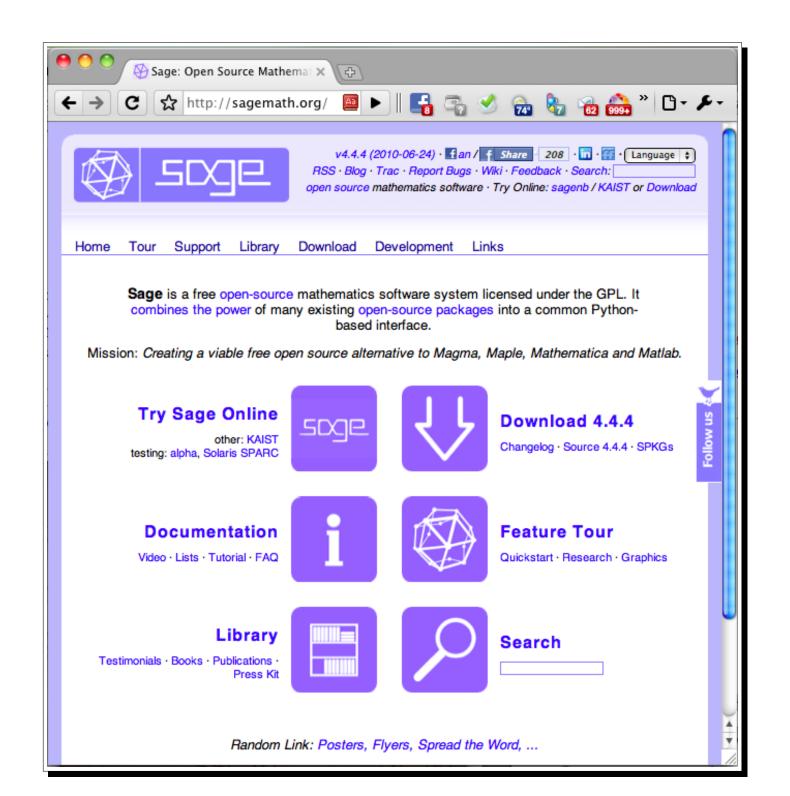


History of Sage

- I started Sage at Harvard in January 2005.
- Sage-1.0 released February 2006 at Sage Days 1 (UC San Diego).
- Nearly 30 Sage Days Workshops (!) at UCLA, UW, Cambridge, Bristol, Austin, France, San Diego, Seattle, MSRI, ..., Barcelona, Leiden... and just got funding for about 20 more workshops.
- Sage won first prize in the Trophees du Libre (November 2007)
- Funding from Microsoft, Univ of Washington, UC San Diego, NSF, DoD, Google, Sun, private donations, etc.
- Strong interest across all math. Developer mailing: 1222 subscribers; Trac server: over 400 users; sage-support has 1793 subscribers.
- About 8,000 downloads per month.
- Future: Company, Institute, much more use in undergraduate teaching.

What is Sage?

- Sage = Python + Math
- A unified self-contained distribution of open source mathematical software.
- Nearly a half million lines of new Python (and Cython)
 code/documentation that implements new capabilities and algorithms.
- Over 100,000 lines of automated tests.
- A "cloud" application like GMail or Google Docs: http://sagenb.org (over 33,000 accounts); of course, Sage also runs on your desktop.



Calcul mathématique avec Sage

Alexandre Casamayou Laurent Fousse Marc Mezzarobba Guillaume Connan Thierry Dumont François Maltey Matthias Meulien Clément Pernet Nicolas M. Thiéry Paul Zimmermann

Version 1.0 — Juillet 2010

http://www.loria.fr/~zimmerma/sagebook.htm

New high quality Creative Commons *French* book on Sage for undergraduate mathematics.



The FEMhub Online Numerical Methods Laboratory

The goal of the FEMhub online lab is to make scientific computing accessible to anyone. No need to be a rocket scientist. No need to own a strong computer or buy expensive software either. Everything takes place inside the web browser window. Yes, the same browser that you use for emails or to watch YouTube movies. And yes, you can use your favorite iPhone or iPod. The online lab is backed up with substantial computing power of the <u>University of Nevada, Reno.</u> that the University gives you free of charge.

In the online lab you can edit and modify many different numerical methods, use them for your own projects, and share with others if you like. To facilitate your endeavors, FEMhub provides an easy access to many useful software libraries. To access the FEMhub community with any questions or ideas, use the <u>FEMhub mailing list</u> (femhub@googlegroups.com). We'd like to hear from you!

Currently, the FEMhub online lab uses some functionality of the <u>Sage</u> web notebook.

How to get started with the FEMhub online lab http://lab.femhub.org/

The best way is to try out simple worksheets that explain elementary methods of numerical analysis.



Step 1: Sign up for a new FEMhub online lab account This is automatic and fast. Report any problems to

Sign into the FEMhub Online Numerical Methods Laboratory v4.3-3

Username:

Password:

Remember me

Sign In

Sign up for a new FEMhub online lab account

Browse published FEMhub worksheets (no login required)

FEM Engines













Welcome!

Sage is a different approach to mathematics software.

The Sage Notebook

With the Sage Notebook anyone can create, collaborate on, and publish interactive worksheets. In a worksheet, one can write code using Sage, Python, and other software included in Sage.

General and Advanced Pure and Applied Mathematics

Use Sage for studying calculus, elementary to very advanced number theory, cryptography, commutative algebra, group theory, graph theory, numerical and exact linear algebra, and more.

Use an Open Source Alternative

By using Sage you help to support a viable open source alternative to Magma, Maple, Mathematica, and MATLAB. Sage includes many high-quality open source math packages.

Use Most Mathematics Software from Within Sage

Sage makes it easy for you to use most mathematics software together. Sage includes GAP, GP/PARI, Maxima, and Singular, and dozens of other open packages.

Use a Mainstream Programming Language

You work with Sage using the highly regarded scripting language Python. You can write programs that combine serious mathematics with anything else.

Sign into the Sage Notebook v4.4.3

Password

wstein

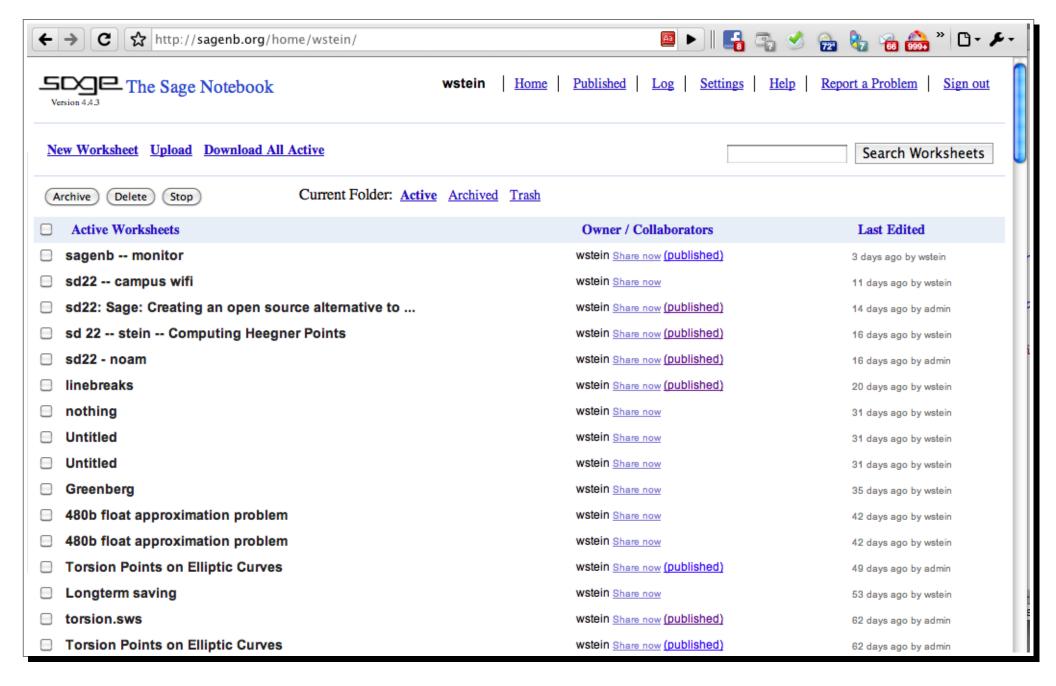
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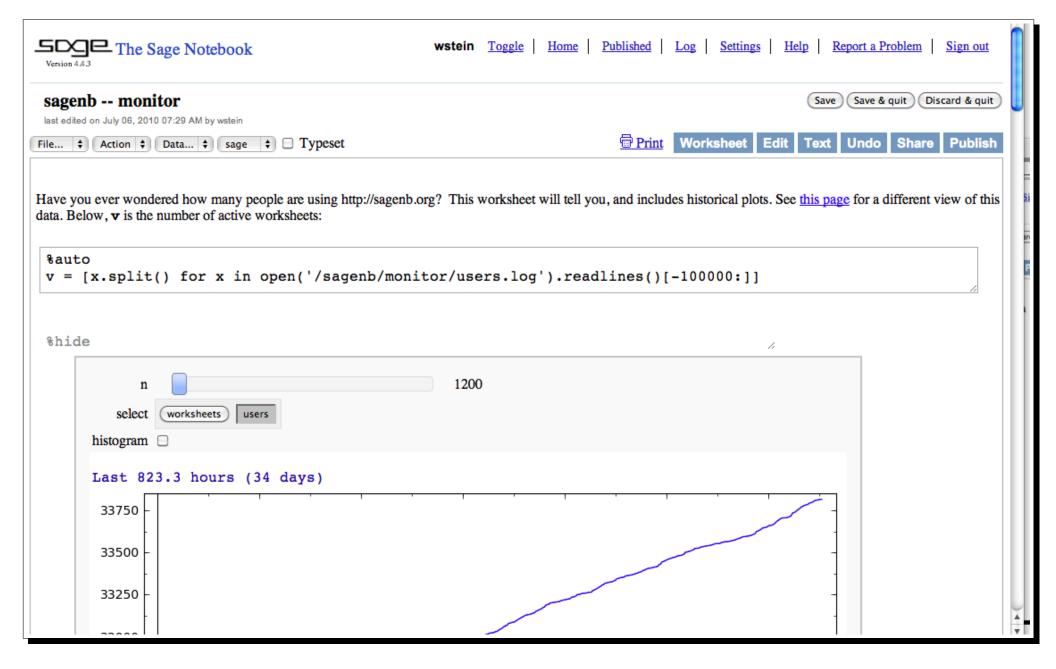
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Sign up for a new Sage Notebook account

Browse published Sage worksheets (no login required)





```
f = mathematica('Sin[x^2]')
type(f)
    <class 'sage.interfaces.mathematica.MathematicaElement'>
f.Integrate(x)
    Sgrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[Sgrt[2/Pi]*x]
maple('sin(x^2)').integrate(x)
    1/2*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*x)
show(integrate(sin(x^2),x))
    \frac{1}{8}\left((i-1)\sqrt{2}\mathrm{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i-\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}x\right)+(i+1)\sqrt{2}\mathrm{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i+\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}x\right)\right)\sqrt{\pi}
var('nu,C_2,r,sigma,k,x') # or use automatic_names(True)
S_k = nu*exp(-C_2*r^2/sigma^(3/2))*sin(k*x); S_k
```

evaluate

$$nu*e^{-C_2*r^2/sigma^{3/2})*sin(k*x)$$

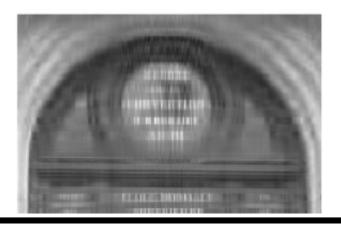
g = graphs.FlowerSnark(); g Flower Snark: Graph on 20 vertices graph_editor(g) live: variable name: g strength: length: help Close Save g.automorphism_group() Permutation Group with generators [(2,11)(3,12)(4,13)(5,8)(6,9)(7,10)(16,19)(17,18),(1,4,7,10,13)(2,5,8,11,14)(3,6,9,12,20)(15,16,17,18,19),(1,14)(2,4)(5,7)(8,10)(11,13)

```
import pylab
import numpy
image = pylab.imread(DATA + 'ens.png')

A_image = numpy.mean(image, 2)
u,s,v = numpy.linalg.svd(A_image)
S = numpy.zeros( A_image.shape )
S[:len(s),:len(s)] = numpy.diag(s)
```

```
@interact
def svd_image(i = ("Eigenvalues (quality)",(20,(1..A_image.shape[0])))):
    A_approx = numpy.dot(numpy.dot(u[:,:i], S[:i,:i]), v[:i,:])
    g = graphics_array([matrix_plot(A_approx), matrix_plot(A_image)])
    show(g, axes=False, figsize=(8,3))
```

Eigenvalues (quality)





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```
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```

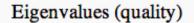
Eigenvalues (quality)







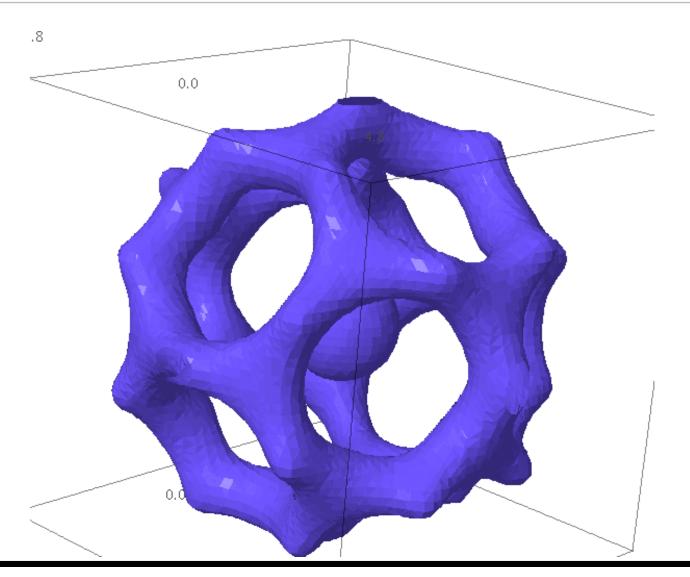
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```



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evaluate



jsMath

Summary

- I hardly showed you anything. The Sage reference manual is 5600 pages....
- Sage is a **free** GPL-compatible collection of software (5 million lines).
- Includes **all** dependencies.
- Self contained **build system**: Solaris, Linux, OS X, Cygwin.
- Goal: Be a viable open source alternative to Matlab, Mathematica, etc.

Ask me questions during the breaks!